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NO 13 EAST SECOND STREET, SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

For Love of
CountryBy CYRUS
TOWNSEND
BRADY.

Author of "The Grip of Honor," "The Southerners,"
"Sir Henry Morgan, Buccaneer," "A
Doctor of Philosophy," Etc.

CHAPTER XXXII.

WHILE the big ship was rapidly and methodically being stripped for the possible emergency the captain was engaged in busy conversation with the colonel. They had steadily drawn near the reported sail until the lookouts could plainly make out a small fleet of small ships. Never dreaming that they could be American ships, Captain Vincent had his ship prepared for action, more through the habitual wariness of an experienced sailor than from any premonition of an impending battle. But as the two forces drew near the actions of the opposing fleet became suddenly suspicious. All but one of them tacked ship and stood off to the northeast in a compact group in close order, under all possible sail, though one, the smallest and a brig, it was noticed, lagged behind the rest of the group in a way which bespoke either very slow sailing qualities or deliberate purpose of delay. The remaining ship, the largest of them all, stood boldly on its original course.

This latter, it was plain to see, was a small frigate, possibly a twenty-eight or a thirty-two. Taking into account the respective rates of speed, the frigate, whose course made a slight angle with that of the ship of the line, would probably cross the bows of the latter within range of her battery. None of the opposing vessels showed any flags as yet, and their movements completely mystified Captain Vincent.

"Certainly a most extraordinary performance going on there," he said, after a long look through his glass, which he then handed to the colonel. "They show no flags, but I cannot conceive of their being anything but a squadron or a convoy of ours. What do you make them out, Colonel Wilton?"

Now, the colonel was mortally certain that they were Americans, or, at least that the first and nearest one was an American ship. He had been one of the naval committee which had taken charge of the building of the men of war ordered by congress in '75; he had seen the Randolph frequently on the ways and after she was launched, and was entirely familiar with her lines. Perhaps the wish also was father to the thought, for the old soldier was not sufficiently versed in nautical affairs to detect at that distance the great disparity in force between the two ships, to which for the moment he gave no thought, or he would not have entertained hopes for a release from confinement by recapture—a patent impossibility to a seaman. So he answered the captain evasively, returning the glass and pleading his ignorance of nautical matters to excuse his indefinite opinion.

"It must be the Carryford, with Hythe's squadron; she is a thirty-two. But why should she act this way I cannot see. He must know what we are now, as there are no ships of our size in these waters except our own, and why should he send the rest of them off there? They are leaving us pretty fast, except that brig. Now, if

it were a colonial convoy I should say that this frigate was going to engage us in the hope of so crippling us as to effect the escape of the rest; but I hardly think that your men are up to that yet."

"Think not," said the colonel indifferently, violently repressing an inclination to strike him. "It may be as you say, Captain Vincent; still, I think we are up to almost anything that you are."

"Oh, colonel," laughed the captain good naturedly, "you are not going to compare the little colonial forces with his majesty's navy, are you? Now, I am morally certain that is a king's ship. See the beautiful set of her sails, the enormous spread of the yards; notice how trim and taut her rigging and running gear stand out, and then, too, see how smartly she is handled. Only English ships are thus. Hythe is a sailor, every inch of him," he went on in genuine admiration for the approaching vessel. "See, he has the weather gauge of us now, or will have. Not that it matters anything. We could afford to let him have it even if he were an enemy. But what he means by this sort of performance I don't understand. However, we shall know in half an hour at least."

"Well, sir?" he said, turning toward Lieutenant Desborough, who at that moment stepped on the poop in fighting uniform, sword in hand.

"Ship's ready for action, sir?"

"Very good. Keep the people at their quarters and stand on as we are. What do you think of her, Desborough?"

"We think she is an American, sir," said Desborough.

"Oh, you do, do you? Well, I think she is one of ours. No American would dare to lead down on us in that way! We can blow him out of the water with a broadside or two, you know, but we'll give him a hint all the same. Fire a gun there to leeward and hoist our colors."

As the smoke rolled away along the water the stops were broken, and there flew out from each masthead the splendid English flag. It was answered soon afterward by a small English flag at the gaff of the approaching ship, which apparently mystified the captain more than ever, though it confirmed him in his previous opinion.

"Oh, father," whispered Katharine, clinging to the colonel, "what do you think it is? See that English flag?"

"Kate, I'm morally sure that it is an American ship. It is just the plan and size of those ordered by congress in '75. One of those ships should be in commission by now. If I am right, this should be the Randolph. I saw her a dozen times in Philadelphia, and if that's not she I shall never pretend to know a ship again."

"But did you hear what Captain Vincent said?" continued Katharine. "How many guns would the Randolph carry?"

"About forty, and most of them small ones at best," answered the colonel, with a sigh.

The two ships were much nearer now, and their disparity in force was

apparent even to the most unskilled eye.

"The little ship can't fight this great one, father; can it?"

"No, my dear—that is, not with any chance of success. But I fear, or hope, rather, that they mean to engage us and sacrifice themselves in order not to allow us to capture the little fleet, probably prizes, off yonder. The man who commands her is a hero, certainly."

"Just what Mr. Seymour would do. Oh, if it were he!" she exclaimed, clasping her hands, her eyes filling with tears at the possibility.

"Well, it may be, of course. He was certain to be posted captain soon, and 'tis like him truly. But, Kate, the ships are drawing nearer every moment. You must go below in case of action, my dear."

"Yes, Miss Wilton," said Desborough, who had at that moment approached them, looking very handsome, having heard the last words of the colonel. "We have arranged a safe place for you and your maid in the cable tiers, way below the water line and out of the way of shot, though I hardly expect much of it from that fellow. Will you allow me to conduct you there? Perhaps you, too, colonel, would be safer if you would."

"Pardon me, sir, unless force is used I shall remain on deck. The idea of me, sir—skulking in the hold during an action! Why, sir?"

"And the idea of me, either, doing the same thing!" said Katharine defiantly in a ringing voice in which there was a clear echo of her father's determination.

Both men looked at her, smiling. "Oh, you are different, Miss Wilton," said Desborough.

"No use, Katharine; you must go," added her father.

"Oh, please?"

"My daughter!"

"Oh, father, let me stay just a little longer! There is no danger yet. Take Chloe down, if you will, Mr. Desborough, and have a place ready for me. I'll go down when the battle begins—indeed I will, father!" she continued entreatingly.

"Well," said the colonel uncertainly, "let her stay a little longer, my lord."

"Very well, sir," replied Desborough, bowing and turning forward.

"Here, you Jack, take this girl below and stow her away in the cable tiers by the main hatch," he said, pointing to Chloe, who was led unresistingly away, her teeth chattering with undefined but none the less overwhelming terror. The colonel stepped forward beside Captain Vincent, and Desborough descended to the main deck to superintend the fighting of the batteries, while Katharine, grateful for the respite and determined not to go below at all, stepped aft in the shelter of the rail, her heart already beating madly, as the two ships approached each other in silence.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Warrior Awaited Death.

Anderson, Ind., July 19.—James Wisheart, forty-two years old, was instantly killed by a big Four railway train. It is thought that Wisheart intended to commit suicide. When he was hit by a fast train he was seated on a rail with his feet extending to the center of track, and after looking at the approaching train, he bowed his head low, as if to await the result. The body was hurled nearly 150 feet.

A Hole Marks the Spot.

Lima, Ohio, July 19.—William H. Seigel, aged thirty, together with his team of horses and a wagon, was blown to atoms by an explosion of nitroglycerine late yesterday. Only pieces of flesh were found of the man and beasts, while a big hole marks the spot where the explosion occurred. Seigel was unloading "empties" when the explosion occurred, having just returned from shooting a well.

Trouble Quieting Down.

Evansville, Ind., July 19.—Sheriff Paine of Cloverport, Ky., is at Stephen Port, the scene of the race war Sunday, and has a number of deputies there. He thinks the worst of the trouble is over. Negroes continue to leave Stephen Port in large numbers, and it is believed they will all be gone by tonight.

MARKET REPORT

Prevailing Prices for Grain and Livestock on July 18.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock. Wheat—Wagon, new; 93c. No. 2 red, quiet, 94c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 50c. Oats—Quiet; No. 2 mixed, 39c. Hay—Clover, \$10@12; timothy, \$11.25; millet, \$8@9. Cattle—Steady at \$3.00@6.25. Hogs—Quiet at \$4.25@5.80. Sheep—Steady at \$3@4.50. Lambs—Steady at \$4@6.25.

At Cincinnati. Wheat—Firm; No. 2 red, \$1.03. Corn—Firm; No. 2 mixed, \$2@53c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 40 1/2@41c. Cattle—Dull at \$2.00@5.35. Hogs—Active at \$4.25@5.35. Sheep—Active at \$1.50@4.00. Lambs—Active at \$3.50@6.85.

Livestock at Chicago. Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.05. Corn—No. 2, 49@49 1/2c. Oats—No. 2, 37 1/2c. Cattle—Steady; steers, \$4.50@6.30; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.00. Hogs—Steady at \$5.10@5.75. Sheep—Dull at \$3.25@4.50. Lambs—Steady at \$4.00@7.25.

At New York. Cattle—Higher at \$9.90@6.00. Hogs—Lower at \$5.45@6.20. Sheep—Active at \$3.50@4.75. Lambs—Steady at \$5.00@7.00.

East Buffalo Livestock. Cattle—Slow at \$3.75@6.40. Hogs—Active at \$4.50@6.40. Sheep—Ac-

JAPS SCORE AGAIN

Battle of Motien Pass Was a Clear Victory For Mikado's Men.

RUSSIANS LOSE 1,000

General Keller Attempts Reconnaissance on Large Scale and Is Driven Back.

Japs Take It For an Offensive Movement and Serious Fight Occurs.

London, July 19.—A correspondent at General Kuroki's headquarters says that the Japanese losses during the fighting at Motien pass on July 17 were trifling.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—General Kuropatkin reports that Lieutenant General Keller lost over 1,000 in killed or wounded in the attack on Motien pass July 17.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—The Russian and Japanese forces which are lined up expecting a clash, grappled in a serious fight Sunday morning, according to a report from General Kuropatkin received here late last night. The report indicated that the Japanese misinterpreted the movement; that instead of it being an attempt to take Motien pass it was a reconnaissance on a large scale.

General Count Keller's account of the fighting does not especially state the number of men engaged, though it shows that the Russian main advance consisted of eighteen battalions with considerable reserves, three battalions of the latter being called up during the course of the battle, while still others were not utilized.

An important fact developed by the reconnaissance was the exact location of a powerful Japanese force secreted in the region between Fen Shui and Motien passes. Its strength is indicated by the fact that twenty-one battalions were insufficient to permanently force the Japanese positions, though some of them were occupied temporarily. On the other hand it would appear from the report that the Japanese were either disinclined or unable to follow up Lieutenant General Keller when he retired to his former position at Ikhuavun.

The seriousness of the day's fighting is shown in General Keller's estimate that the Russian casualties were over 1,000.

The battle leaves the general situation unchanged, but shows that a powerful Japanese army is massed and is constantly threatening Liao Yang, apparently only awaiting General Kuroki's signal to advance.

General Kuropatkin precedes his report of the repulse to General Count Keller's force with a lengthy statement of skirmishes by patrols, which brings events up to July 16. He does not mention any important engagement, with the possible exception of the occupation of the heights north of Yailintza by Cossacks, before a detachment of which the Japanese fell back.

Russia's Determined Cause.

Aden, July 19.—The captain of the Russian volunteer steamer St. Petersburg has notified the British residents at Aden to wire the British consuls at Suez and Port Said that he would seize any British steamers bound for the far East if the contents of their packages were not clearly shown on their manifests according to international law.

The Feeling in Japan.

Tokio, July 19.—The passage of the Dardanelles by steamers of the Russian volunteer fleet attracts increasing attention here. The Japanese press continues to discredit the supposition that Russia really intends to send naval reinforcements to the far East. Universal joy was caused by the news of the repulse to the Russians at Motien pass.

John Bull Gets Busy.

Malta, July 19.—The British Mediterranean fleet has left here for Alexandria. It is believed that the destination of the fleet may be connected with the presence of the Russian volunteer fleet steamers in the Red sea. The British cruiser Terrible is said to have sailed from Suez for the purpose of looking after the interests of the British merchantmen.

Forced Cossacks to Retire.

Sintzintin, Sixty-six Miles East of Mukden, July 19.—There are constant skirmishes in this region between Amur Cossacks and Japanese scouts. The Japanese made an unusually heavy attack on the Russian outpost at Tzyanchan, when 100 cavalry and 700 infantry rushed the camp and forced the Cossacks to retire.

Life Sentence for Woman.

Indianapolis, July 19.—After deliberating upon the evidence that was introduced in the Hicks murder case for twenty hours the jury returned a verdict of guilty in the second degree and recommended the defendant, Ella Hicks, be sentenced to prison for life. Mrs. Hicks, wife of Frank Hicks, shot Joseph Iddings, a married man, at her home. Jealousy was generally accepted as the motive.

A WARM CANVASS

Indianapolis in the Throes of a Legislative Contest.

Indianapolis, July 19.—The list of candidates for Republican nomination for state senator here includes some of the best known party workers. Martin Hugg, Joe Kealing's law partner, who was a member of the senate several years, is one of the leading candidates. It is generally believed that he will be nominated. Captain W. E. English, formerly a Democrat, is making a vigorous canvass. Senator Charles N. Thompson, a prominent member of the last two sessions, is asking for renomination and stands a good chance. Charles Martindale, leader of the anti-Bookwalter Republicans; Armin Koehne, ex-county treasurer; Charles Roemler, Cass Conaway, and half a dozen others have been working day and night for some time lining up their followers. For representative there are over twenty-five candidates. The primaries will be held tomorrow and the convention promises to be the most interesting one held here this year.

Indianapolis has probably figured in more presidential and vice presidential notification ceremonies than any other city within the last twelve years. This is due partially to the convenient location of the city, but more largely to the political importance of the state. In 1900 Bryan and Stevenson were notified here. A giant demonstration was worked up. The object was to enthrone the party workers throughout the state, but it may be recalled here that it failed, as the results of the election proved. In view of this precedent it is not very likely that either of the old parties will attempt to make capital by dragging the candidates out of their own balliwick to go through a perfunctory ceremony. The Prohibitionists, however, are arranging for the notification of Swallow and Carrol, their presidential and vice presidential candidates, here Friday, and it is very probable there will be a large crowd on hand. The ceremony will take place in Tomlinson hall and party leaders from many states will be present.

Apologies of the Prohibs' notification arrangements it may be stated that the leaders of the two old parties are looking on with considerable interest in what the third party has been doing in Indiana for the last year. If the Prohibs should hold the balance of power, which side would be more seriously affected? The Republican and Democratic leaders here do not concede that the Prohibs will hold the balance of power, but they realize that for practically the first time something like a system is being used in organizing the Prohib party for the campaign. An attempt has been made to perfect a precinct organization, and in many counties it has been successful. Although pretending to conduct politics along a higher moral plane than either of the old parties, the Prohib leaders are not insensible to the value and necessity of the "long green" in the heat of campaign, so they have raised a fund that is said to be growing right along. The Prohib state headquarters here is a busy spot and Felix T. McWhirter, candidate for governor, and others who are on the state ticket are now opening a speaking campaign in which they promise to stir up the animals. The Prohib leaders are now predicting that they will poll 40,000 votes. If they do there is no telling what effect it will have on the outcome, but neither of the old party committees will concede that the Prohibs have any chance of getting even 20,000.

The call of Chairman Hanna and Secretary Medert of the Populist state committee to members of the party, silver Republicans and all others who have not deserted the Kansas City platform to meet in state convention here Sept. 14 has aroused some interest in what the minor parties will do in the ensuing campaign. Your correspondent in going over the results of the last four national campaigns finds that the Pops polled a vote of 22,000 in 1892, after which they seemed to fade away, for in 1900 they had a total of less than 3,500. It is true they fared that year with the Democrats, but they nevertheless had a separate state ticket. In 1900 their vote dwindled to less than 1,500, and two years ago it was so insignificant that it is not to be compared with 1892. The Pop leaders say there are as many of them as ever, and that with the death of the fusion movement they will all come back to the fold, but neither the Republicans nor the Democrats are expecting the Populist vote to amount to 5,000, while many believe that half that number is a large estimate.

Mad Scramble for Land.

Yankton, S. D., July 19.—The gigantic land rush at Yankton develops into almost a stampede. Thirty-three thousand had registered up to closing last night. The day's record was 5,505 and that will be exceeded today. The fever for land seems to have taken possession of thousands who heretofore had not thought of coming here to register. The crush in the city and on trains is simply indescribable. Railroad officials say they have more than they can possibly haul to Yankton.

Four Killed in Riot.

Cluses, France, July 19.—During a riot of strikers here several shots were fired, resulting in the killing of four persons and the wounding of twenty-five. The gendarmes who attempted to disperse the rioters were stoned.



Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—Mrs. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements. Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started. The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone. More than a million women have regained health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony."

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

AN INTERESTING FIGHT

Elkdom Engrossed in Warm Contest for Offices.

Cincinnati, July 19.—The registration for the meeting of the grand lodge and the reunion of the Elks has reached over 15,000, while all the railways are bringing in special trains. The grand lodge opened with a public session at 10 o'clock this morning in the Music Hall, preceded by an organ recital and other musical numbers. Following the addresses of welcome and responses, the annual reports were presented and the election of officers will lend the animated contests that are going on for grand exalted ruler, grand exalted secretary and other offices. While there have been no material changes, there is a very hard fight being made by the field against what is known as "the administration slate." O'Brien of Baltimore for grand exalted ruler and Robinson of Dubuque for grand exalted secretary are still favorites as the so-called administration candidates, but the election of no one seems to be assured.

CAUSED BY CARELESSNESS

Awful Wreck on the Erie Could Have Been Easily Prevented.

New York, July 19.—William T. Richards, station operator, and Ernest Heller, rear flagman, were found responsible for the wreck of a train on the Greenwood Lake division of the Erie railroad at Midvale station a week ago, by which sixteen persons lost their lives and fifty were injured. Coroner Blauvelt instituted the inquiry by holding an inquest over the body of Henry Kanzer, who lost his life in the accident. By his own admission Heller did not go back more than 200 or 400 feet at any time after his train stopped and partly retraced his steps. It had also been shown that he held his flag rolled up. Richards knew his signal was out of order and uncertain of action, and was told by an engineer who was on the depot platform that it was not clear. It remained as it was and the crash followed.

Dietz Continues to Hold Up Chippewa Log Drive.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 19.—T. G. Witton and D. D. Peck have visited John Dietz, who is holding up a log drive of the Chippewa Lumber and Boom company in Thornapple river. Officers have not dared not been able to see Dietz since he started the hold-up. Dietz welcomed these citizens, reviewed the case, showing surveys, deeds, abstracts, claims, contracts, etc., and alleged that he was entitled to the property cornered. He said the sheriff did not read an injunction to him, but sent him an unsigned order through the mail. He said he had been repeatedly shot at, but that he had shot no one. He offered to give himself up and agreed to follow Witton and Peck, but his wife tearfully persuaded him not to go, fearing that he might be shot on the way through the woods.

A Polyglot Denunciation.

Spring Valley, Ill., July 19.—Five thousand miners from Spring Valley, LaSalle, Peru, Oglesby, Ladd, Seatonville, Marquette, Dupue and Dazell assembled in Spring Valley to take part in a demonstration denunciating Governor Peabody of Colorado. There were 10,000 persons present. Governor Peabody was denounced in English, French, Italian, Lithuanian and Polish by the several speakers. Resolutions were passed requesting President Roosevelt to interfere in the Colorado miners' strike.

Old Differences Adjusted.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 19.—The two factions of window glass workers who have been holding sessions in this city, yesterday formally agreed upon amalgamation, and today met as one body. The new organization will be known as the Amalgamated Window Glass Workers of America.

Lightning Claims Two.

St. Marys, W. Va., July 18.—Byron and Ross Clutter, aged respectively twenty-two and fourteen years, were struck by lightning and instantly killed during the severe storm yesterday afternoon. They were at work in a hayfield.

BAR-BEN
NERVE FOOD
Builds up the Body, Brain and Nerves.
It destroys the germs and microbes in the blood, expels the morbid, unhealthy matter which irritates the nervous system and breaks down the vitality of men and women.
In Bar-Ben are combined both the purifying and tonic properties that are necessary to restore health and strength to the broken-down system. If you are nervous, irritable, restless, your heart jumps and palpitates at every noise; if you cannot concentrate your mind on your work; if you do not sleep well at night; if you have no appetite for food and no ambition; if you are generally run down and a few days you begin to feel that you are dying, and you are not, then you need Bar-Ben. It will aid your digestion, increase your appetite, and within a few days you will feel that you are new. Bar-Ben is the truly scientific, natural and positive cure for all nervous diseases, loss of vitality, night sweats and all the effects of overwork, worry, brain fatigue, the excessive use of tobacco, opium or liquor. No matter what has caused your trouble Bar-Ben will bring you back to health. Don't wait another day, get some Bar-Ben and begin taking it. The sooner you commence, the sooner your weakness will vanish.
All druggists, or mailed on receipt of price, 50 cents. For free sample and medical advice, write Bar-Ben Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.
W. F. PETER DRUG CO.

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JOHN V. HADLEY.
TOWNSHIP TICKET.
For Trustee
WILLIAM F. BUSH.
For Assessor
J. W. MASSMAN.

HENRY G. DAVIS, the Democratic nominee for vice president is eighty-one years old and is reported to be worth many millions. Puzzle: Why was he nominated?

OUTSIDE of Greater New York Judge Parker ran 6,000 votes behind his ticket when he was elected judge. He carried New York City because he was on the ticket with Seth Low and had no opposition. So it will be seen that there is nothing in the claim for his popularity in his own state.

REPUBLICAN victory is so sure that there is already much talk by politicians as to the successor of Senator Fairbanks. Most Republicans are not becoming excited at this time over any one's candidacy. The general expression heard is to the effect that the ablest man possible must be selected.

IT IS not certain that Taggart is going to be made national chairman of the Wall street aggregation after all. So far as the Republicans of Indiana are concerned, it makes little difference. The greatest Republican victory in the history of Indiana was in 1894 when Taggart was the Democratic state chairman. In that year the Republican majority was 45,000. To be sure the state went Democratic in 1892 when Tom was at the head of the committee, but Cleveland's majority that year in Indiana was nothing like as pronounced as it was in Illinois and other central states.

THE New York World and a few of the other Parker papers say that even if Parker and a Democratic House should be elected in 1904, neither Parker nor his party could harm the currency because a Republican Senate will be sure to be in power for the next four years at least. This sort of an argument for the Democratic ticket is likely to be common from this time onward, but will it help that party? Certainly not. If a Democratic President and House need a Republican Senate to keep them from sending the country down to the silver basis—and this is what this Democratic plea amounts to—than national safety demands that the Democracy be kept very far in the minority, as it has been for the past eight years. The barrier which a Republican senate can raise against the dilution of the currency will obviously be stronger if it be buttressed by the election of a Republican president and House. All this is elementary, but the apologists for Democratic folly appear to overlook it.—Globe-Democrat.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

England Calls a Halt.
BERLIN, July 19.—England has despatched an English fleet of 18 warships to Alexandria with the intention of checking Russian illegalities in the Red Sea. It is expected that this demonstration will cause Russia to subside meekly. England has notified Germany of her action.
The general feeling here is that the first European complication with regard to the war in the far East has arrived.

Assaulted by Negro.
WASHINGTON, Ind., July 19.—A white girl named Jett was criminally assaulted by a negro here today. A negro named Simmons has been arrested on suspicion. Excitement runs high and a lynching tide is among the possibilities.

LOUIS LUDLOW says: "A tremendous disruption of the Democratic party in Indiana may be expected if an attempt is made to insert a gold plank in the State platform. Already there are portions of the State where the Democracy is in almost open revolt in anticipation of an effort by machine tractors to force the gold standard upon the party in Indiana. The 13th district especially, is a hot bed of dissatisfaction."

FLEMING.
Rev. George Sweany will preach here Sunday.

Anis Ebaugh and family visited at Robert Judd's Sunday.

Lawrence Dell and Anna Baker were married Tuesday, July 12.

Joe Stanfield has a sore hand caused by a briar scratch and blood poison.

Anis Ebaugh has his new house commenced.

Oliver Rogers and family of Azalia visited Willard Shannon and wife Sunday.

WEGAN.
Charles Keft who has been working for A. H. Mitschke the past summer left Sunday for Brownstown.

William Tormoehlen and son hauled some hogs to Ewing for Will Richard to ship.

Oats cutting is in order now and there is plenty of rust.

Messrs Richards, of Surprise, and Borchering, of Valonia, were here last week buying stock.

An ice cream party was given last Sunday by Philip Redicker and wife and all reported a good time.

Misses Mary and Malinda Mitschke, of Cincinnati, are visiting relatives here.

Misses Snyder, of South Driftwood, attended church here Sunday.

DEMOCRATS CONFER

Important Meeting Was Held in Dave Hill's Rooms.

New York, July 19.—Leaders of the Democratic party conferred for more than two hours last night in the rooms of former Senator D. B. Hill at the Hoffman house, and at the close made public a statement to the effect that the chairmanship of the national committee had not been discussed. Privately it was said the judgment of all present was that the interests of the party would be best conserved by leaving the committee absolutely free to elect its chairman. Judge Parker was said to favor this course. The conference resulted in an agreement to call a meeting of the national committee to be held at the Hoffman house on July 25. The question of fixing the time and place for the notification of the candidates for president and vice president was left to the candidates themselves.

Making the Chances Even.

In days when tavern brawls in England were frequent and swords were out on the slightest provocation common fairness demanded that the blades of chance combatants should be of equal length. In a sudden affray there would be no thought of measuring swords, so the authorities took the matter into their own hands at the gates of the city of London, where every gallant was liable to be challenged, and if the public official found any blade beyond thirty-six inches the smith stood by to snap off the steel to the required length. In Queen Elizabeth's reign this was the common practice.

Bread.

Freshly made bread is more indigestible than stale bread because it is more moist and becomes more solid in the mouth; hence more impenetrable to the saliva and the gastric juices. For the same reason bread crust is more digestible than what is beneath it, being drier. Bread may be unfit for use from being made of adulterated or too old flour, by turning sour or developing a bitter taste from the yeast, from getting moldy and from insufficient fermentation in the rising process, which leaves it too heavy for the digestive fluids to act well upon.

Earning a Spanking.

Mrs. Brown—I was downtown yesterday. I didn't know but I might meet you. Mrs. Greene—I was downtown, too, and I'm awfully sorry I didn't see you. Little Johnny Greene—Ma, don't you remember we saw Mrs. Brown's dog and you said: "Come, let's hurry away from here. That old cat must be somewhere near." What old cat did you mean, ma?

An Invitation Accepted.

"No, I never carry my watch when I go out," she said artlessly. "I am so careless that it wouldn't be safe. Why, a person could steal anything right from under my nose, and I wouldn't miss it." Then the young man by her side stole a kiss, and she didn't seem to miss it.

Old Wheat Flour.

Will keep forever. Buy a barrel. Blish's Success and Best Patent.

CASTORIA.

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HOUSTON.
C. W. Brown who works at Brownstown, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Sheridan Thompson and son Oden were here visiting Monday.

Elmer Cummings, who has been working at Indianapolis for some time is at home this week.

Jacob S. Lutes was a business visitor at Seymour Saturday.

Elsworth Hashman, from near Seymour, was here one day last week and sold his peaches he raised on his orchard north of here.

J. D. Summa had an ice cream supper Saturday night and all who attended spent a very enjoyable evening.

Miss Estella M. Noe visited friends at Lockman over Sunday.

Sude Lucas and children of Kurtz, returned home Sunday after a week's visit with relatives and friends here.

Joshua Tipton and family of Pike's Peak visited relatives here one day last week.

C. E. Brown and family of Brownstown, visited relatives here Saturday.

Misses Emma Pruitt and Mattie Hamilton, of Beck, attended the ice cream supper here Saturday night accompanied by Frank Brown of this place.

John Cox of Crothersville, is visiting in the family of his son Frank at this place.

Piles Upon Top of Piles.

Piles upon top of piles of people have the Piles, and DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures them. There are many different kinds of Piles, but if you get the genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve made by E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago, a cure is certain. H. A. Tisdale, of Summerton, S. C., says, "I had piles 20 years and DeWitt's Salve cured me after everything else failed." Sold by W. F. Peter Drug Co. and A. J. Pellens.

PREETOWN.

Mrs. Edna Pheasant returned to her home in Blocker Saturday after a few days visit here with relatives.

Mrs. Kate Mitchell and children who have been visiting here for some time returned to her home in Indianapolis Saturday.

Misses Roxana Chute and Jennie Aubertson went to Seymour Saturday.

The infant son of James Murray and wife died Sunday night of Cholera Infantum. The remains were taken to Lexington Tuesday.

The body of Bert Kerner was brought here from Jasonville Sunday evening. Mr. Kerner was accidentally shot Saturday evening by a salesman in a hardware store while examining a revolver. The bullet entered the heart and he died almost instantly. Mr. Kerner was twenty-five years old. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Shotts Monday at 10 a. m.

CANA, OWEN TOWNSHIP.

Saturday was the hottest day of the season, the thermometer stood 90 in the shade.

Farmers are busy harvesting oats and hay.

Miss Georgia Dirker returned to her home at Brownstown after a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Sam Loudon.

The remains of T. O. Parris, son of Thomas Parris and wife of Heigh-ton Hill, were brought here Friday for interment.

Mrs. F. M. Sutton who was taken suddenly ill Tuesday, is improving.

C. P. Loudon went to Leesville Saturday where he is having dental work done by Dentist Hill.

George Isaacs and family of Ratcliff Grove, visited in the family of Samuel Cole Sunday.

Miss Clara Wray is suffering with a very painful wound of the foot, caused by stepping on a glass bottle.

Mrs. Belle Wray went to Bedford Thursday to visit relatives for a few days.

J. T. Wilson and wife, Mrs. Jacob Loudon and granddaughter, Miss Anna, of Brownstown, spent Sunday in the family of C. P. Loudon.

Huse Matlock, of Kurtz, was here Saturday.

William Dirker has completed the stone work of the bridges on the Clear-spring and Medora roads and returned to his home at Brownstown Friday.

Grandma Henderson has returned to her home at Pea Ridge, after an extended visit with her daughters here.

Mrs. Hardin Hancock gave a "quilting bee" for the ladies Tuesday. Those present were Mrs. Samuel Cole, Mrs. C. P. Loudon, Mrs. Alex Scott, Mrs. Newton Scott, Mrs. James Wray, Mrs. F. M. Sutton, Mrs. Flora Dodds, Mrs. Henderson and Mrs. Jose Tander. Mrs. Hancock was assisted by her daughter, Miss Sarah.

Miss Lulu Loudon went to Lafayette Wednesday, for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. C. H. Dexter.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Ten Years of Suffering.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Mattie Burge, of Martinsville, Va. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoea for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by C. W. Milhous.

Old Wheat Flour.

Will keep forever. Buy a barrel. Blish's Success and Best Patent.

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WHAT BRYAN SAID

Declared Parker's Candidacy Representative of Greed of Lawless Corporations.

PARTY SURRENDERED TO WALL ST.

Four Months Old Utterance of "The Commoner" on the Origin and Purpose of the Candidacy of the New Yorker—Possible Effect of the Election of a Candidate of the Trusts on the Character of the Supreme Court.

The issues of the campaign of 1904 are defined not by the platform adopted at Saint Louis, which is meaningless, but by the candidate nominated for president, whose personality and associations are significant. The issue raised by the Saint Louis convention, dominated as it was by the Belmont-Hill interests, is this:

Shall President Roosevelt be rebuked by the people of the United States for his interference in the anthracite coal strike, and for his initiation of the Northern Securities prosecutions, at the dictation of the Wall street coterie, for whom the president's activity in behalf of the people has made him an "unsafe" man?

The origin of Mr. Parker's candidacy and the influences to which it is under obligation for its triumph, are well understood. They never have been better described than by William Jennings Bryan himself, when he wrote as follows in "The Commoner" of April 8th, 1904:

"Mr. Cleveland's nomination is out of the question, although he is the first choice of the plutocratic element in the Democratic party. Mr. Olney has removed himself by his advocacy of Mr. Cleveland's nomination, and Mr. Gorman's chances seem reduced to a minus quantity by his failure to secure the co-operation of the Democratic senators in his position on the Panama question. Mr. Hill is not a possibility, but he has taken up the candidacy of Judge Parker in the hope of making himself the 'power behind the throne.' As some of the Democrats are considering Judge Parker as a 'harmony' candidate, it is important that the real nature of his candidacy should be examined. He is first of all Mr. Hill's candidate, and that in itself would be sufficient to raise a suspicion in regard to his position on public questions. The Hon. David B. has a legislative record that enables us to easily ascertain his position on public questions—a record so antagonistic to the Democratic party that he refused to give any open support to the ticket in 1896, and did not even disclose, until some two years after the election, how he voted. In a letter written shortly before the election he told a New York Republican that he had not decided what he would do, concluding with the statement, 'I am a Democrat still—very still.'"

"Mr. Hill has made himself the champion of Mr. Parker in New York, and it is not likely that he would do this without having an understanding with Mr. Parker as to his own position with the administration. It can safely be taken for granted that in case of Judge Parker's nomination and election Mr. Hill would be the controlling figure in the administration, and that would mean that those who attempted to reach the White House would have to wade through peanut shells knee deep."

"Mr. Hill stands for everything bad that Mr. Cleveland stands for, and lacks the brutal frankness that has given Mr. Cleveland most of his popularity. But Mr. Hill's support, dangerous as it is, is not so detrimental to Judge Parker as the corporate support which is gradually gathering about him. The Washington Post recently described the situation as follows:

"In the meantime Parker stock has been having a little boom. It is now almost generally conceded by Democrats here in Washington that he is the most likely candidate. Many matters have taken shape to help him, although the attitude of the New York Democrats still worries the party leaders. Judge Parker—so it is learned here from men who are in close touch with the thought of the financial and business world—has, through appropriate channels, given assurances that if nominated and elected president his administration will be conservative. He will see to it that the large interests are fairly treated. This campaign of enlightenment from Judge Parker is described as progressing methodically, but with dignity. The Judge's attitude on many of the questions before the public are not well known, but, nonetheless, business men in high places are being acquainted authentically with his views in outline."

"The criticism of the magnates against Judge Parker has been that he had not been tested. They could not tell what he might do should they turn out and seek by heroic efforts to place him in the White House. Should their efforts succeed, he might not, after all, be able to conduct a safe administration." But there is distinctly a better feeling in business quarters toward him."

"There is no doubt that the corporate interests have an understanding with Judge Parker, for without such an understanding they would not think of supporting him. The decision in the merger case shows how important it is that president should be in sympathy with the people rather than in sympathy with the corporations. The three judges appointed by Mr. Cleveland dissented from the opinion of the court, and as Judge Holmes stood with them, it would only require one more judge to change the decision, even if Judge Brewer's separate opinion does not already indicate the possibility of an adverse decision in another case."

"If Judge Parker were nominated by the influence of the corporations and elected with the aid of their contributions, is there any doubt that his appointees would be corporation men? Can the Democratic party afford to lend itself to a movement to so make up the supreme court as to nullify the efforts of the people at reform? To secure remedial legislation the people must have not only the house, the senate, the president, but the supreme court also, and as the members of the supreme court hold office for life, that department of the government is hardest to change. As president Judge Parker might appoint one, two, or even three supreme justices, and his appointments might bar the way to relief for ten or fifteen years. Can the party afford to take such a chance? Judge Parker has been before the country as a candidate for a year, and in all that time he has never expressed himself upon a single public question or indicated his views on a single issue. Can we afford to nominate a question mark? If so, we need not be surprised if the voters indulge in exclamations.

"Democracy's contest with plutocracy is not a sham battle or a make believe fight. It is a terribly earnest struggle, and the decision in the merger case has pointed out with great distinctness the possible result of a mistake in the selection of a candidate. There are hundreds of Democrats whose sympathies are with the masses of the people and whose opinions are known—who have had more experience in political life than Judge Parker, and who would poll more votes on election day. Some of these men have been mentioned; others have not. Surely among those who have been proposed or might be proposed it is possible to find someone who will give voice to the Democratic conscience, and lead a charge against the cohorts of organized and predatory wealth."

"If Mr. Parker were a man with a record, if his convictions were known and his position on public issues clearly defined, Mr. Hill's championship of his cause might not be sufficient to entirely destroy his availability, but with his opinions unknown and his aspirations in the hands of Mr. Hill, it is not unfair to regard Mr. Hill as the keeper of his conscience, and who is so poorly qualified to keep anyone's conscience? The fact that Mr. Parker is an enigma ought to remove him from consideration, and the situation is made still worse by the blight of Mr. Hill's support. When to this is added the overshadowing danger which the merger decision has pointed out, is it not time that the honest, earnest, loyal Democrats awake from their lethargy, lay aside the thought of compromise, and begin an aggressive campaign to save the Democratic party from the menace of corporate control?"

"If Mr. Parker is nominated, it must not be as a 'harmony' candidate—it must be with the knowledge that he represents the same element, the same influence and the same methods which during Mr. Cleveland's second administration led the Democratic party through 'the valley of the shadow of death.'"

LEESVILLE

Born to Frank Speers and wife, Sunday, July 17, a daughter.

Mrs. James Starr, of Sparville, and Mrs. John Trueblood, of Oklahoma, visited Mrs. W. D. McHargue Tuesday.

A number of our farmers are busy this week putting up their grass.

Dr. W. C. Butler was called to Underwood, near Scottsburg, Thursday; he returned home Saturday.

A good time is reported by our young folks at the ice cream supper at Ft. Ritner Friday night.

There will be an ice cream supper at Homer Goen's Friday night, July 22.

Frank Holland who has been sick for some time is not so well.

Mrs. Clara Hill, of Bedford, was here Friday and Saturday.

Sherman Jones went to Bedford Saturday.

Harry Butler and Bruce Hill went to Erie Saturday night to the ice cream supper.

John Williams has returned home from Washington county where he has been making spokes for six weeks.

Mr. McCormick, of Columbus, was here Friday.

George Goldsmith went to Sparksville Monday on business.

Mrs. Polk Beevers and daughter Ella and Homer Speers, of Pinhook, Jacob Brock and wife, Dr. Butler and wife, Mr. Palmer, wife and sister, of near Dennison, and fifteen young folks and Pinhook singing class No. 1 gave C. T. Douglass and wife a pleasant surprise Sunday afternoon at their sunshine home near town. The class rendered some choice music. All returned home at a late hour hoping to meet again soon, and thanking Mr. and Mrs. Douglass for their kind hospitality and treat.

Weak Hearts.

Are caused by indigestion. If you eat a little too much, or if you are subject to attacks of indigestion, the stomach expands—swells and pulls up against the heart. This crowds the heart and shortens the breath. Rapid heart beats and heart disease is the final result. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, takes the strain off the heart, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, and contributes nourishment, strength and health to every organ of the body. Sold by W. F. Peter Drug Co., and A. J. Pellens.

The Japs may fight the Russians, On land or on the sea; But the girls of this here country, Fight for Rocky Mountain Tea W. F. Peter Drug Co.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

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TO CLOSE TWO DOZEN

LADIES' AND MISSES'
SAILOR HATS WORTH
UP TO \$1.50 AT

15 Cents.

Hub

REXALL BEEF, WINE AND IRON.

For all who are weak,
tired, run-down, or
who are convalescent
from illness there is
no tonic superior to
Rexall Beef Wine and
Iron.

FULL SIZE BOTTLE 45 CTS.

AT

W. F. PETER

Drug Company.

Wall Paper Window Shades Picture Framing

Everything new and up-
to-date. Satisfaction
guaranteed.

T. ROEGER CARTER,

15 N. CHESTNUT ST.

BE WISE!

Buy your Coal of J. C. HILL, dealer
in all kinds of Coal. Prices right for
July and August delivery. Call and
see me, 24 East 3rd St.



MR. J. M. BURKE.

THE REPRESENTATIVE OF

THE INDIANA OPTOMETRICAL CO.,

Will be at the Jewelry Store of J. G.

Lewis, Friday of each week.

T. M. JACKSON,

Jeweler and Optician

W Second St., Seymour.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 19, 1904.

Generally fair tonight and Wednes-

day except probably local thunder

storms; extreme north portion not so

warm.

Before buying your goods, come

and examine our bargains.

dawj23 THE IDEAL.

The Redington Sunday school will

give a picnic in Fox's grove, Satur-

day, August 6

Go to the Ideal and get ten yards of

goods for 35 cents. dawj23

The Sunshine Club, at Rockford,

will give an ice cream social on the

Rockford church lawn Saturday even-

ing, July 23

FOR SALE.—Must be sold Thursday

July 21, one vacant lot 50x150, good

location. Call on Ed (Cotton)

Brandt. jy20d

Go to the Ideal and get ten yards of

goods for 35 cents. dawj23

An Heirloom.

The wood which composed a part of
one of the first pianos ever brought to
this city was shipped to Lafayette to-
day, where it will be made into two
library tables. The piano was bought
by the late David Pence, for his
daughter, Ada Pence, who later be-
came Mrs. Ada Stansifer. The piano
is now the property of Prof. William
D. Pence, of Lafayette, and Rev. Ed-
ward H. Pence, of Detroit, and they
have agreed to have tables made out
of the rosewood which composed the
piano, so that it may be kept during
the coming years.—Columbus Republi-

can.

Before buying your goods, come

and examine our bargains.

dawj23 THE IDEAL.

The Schaefer Case.

The authorities at Bedford have
been informed that the verdict of the
grand jury will not close the Schaefer
case. The family of the murdered
girl has taken the matter up and will
press the inquiry on their own respon-

sibility.

BORN.

To Thomas Jaynes and wife Tuesday

morning July 19, a girl.

To Claude Carter and wife, Tuesday

July 19, a daughter.

Before buying your goods, come

and examine our bargains.

dawj23 THE IDEAL.

How Long Will Nature Last.

We see people every day, on all
sides, simply murdering their eyes by
degrees, by wearing glasses not prop-
erly measured and fitted by the so
called optician and oculist,—neither
having the proper precaution or edu-

cation along this particular line.

HOW CAN YOU TELL.

Whether your lenses are right?
Let us make an examination for you,
compare the results and see for your-
self, and the best part of this propo-

sition is, that you may do this FREE of

charge. Don't put it off any longer,

absolute satisfaction guaranteed, some

thing decidedly better than what you

have, or no money. That's our guar-

antee, and we make it good. Mr. and

Mrs. Harsch, Optometrists, 94 N.

Chestnut St.

Go to the Ideal and get ten yards of

goods for 35 cents. dawj23

Yellowhammer Social.

A yellowhammer social will be given
Thursday evening at the home of Mrs.
Thos. Hopewell, 100 S. Walnut street
by the ladies of the Christian church.

Cream and cake will be served. Come

and enjoy the evening. jy20d

LOST.—Pin made from a \$2.50 gold

piece, with initials F. D. Finder re-

turn to this office.

The Beivedere hotel at Columbus is

closed for the time being, but John S.

Crump says that it is the intention to

have the place open again under a new

management within a week or two.

There are several good hotel men

negotiating for the purchase of the

hotel, among them being William

Hays, of Franklin.

Go to the Ideal and get ten yards of

goods for 35 cents. dawj23

Speaking of accidents to Sunday

excursions, a passenger executive of

a railroad said, "The day is coming

when the railroads will discontinue

the practice of running excursion

trains on Sunday. We have never

had them on our road and do not in-

tend to. They interfere with regular

traffic and danger of accidents is thus

increased. It is probably no exagger-

ation to state the policy costs us about

\$50,000 a year but we think it a wise

course."

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve

For Piles, Burns, Sores.

PERSONAL.

S. V. Harding was a west bound

passenger this morning.

M. S. Bligh went to Indianapolis

this morning on business.

Frank Fassold, of Brownstown,

went to Louisville today.

Rev. Thomas Jones went to Croth-

ersville this morning on business.

A. N. Menden left this morning for

Shepherdville, Ky., on legal business.

Mrs. Ada Kattman, of Crothersville,

came here this morning to visit her

parents.

Mrs. Harry Elmerfelt returned this

morning from a visit to her parents

at Otisco.

Miss Elva Kiehl left this morning to

spend several weeks at the Winona

summer school.

Miss Irma Cox, of Worthington,

arrived today to visit her cousin,

Miss Nettie Cox.

Will Bush and wife, and little ne-

phew, went to Cincinnati this morning

for a few days visit.

Miss Louise Armbruster, of Kurtz,

spent Saturday and Sunday with Dr.

and Mrs. B. F. Armbruster.—Colum-

bus Herald.

Mabel Montgomery, daughter of R.

J. Montgomery and wife formerly of

this city now of Cincinnati, is

quite sick of typhoid fever.

Mrs. A. L. Swarthout, whose home

has been in Missouri for some time,

arrived this morning to visit her

daughter, Mrs. S. V. Harding.

Mrs. Alice Thomas of Greencastle,

Ind., is the guest of her mother Mrs.

Mary Brunner at her residence in

Port Fulton.—Jeffersonville News.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Jagers and

daughter, Miss Blanche, who have

been the guests of C. A. Naylor and

family for some time, left this morn-

ing for their home at Racine, Wis.

Mrs. Edward J. Frazer and little

daughter Frances May, of Birming-

ham, Ala., arrived this morning on

No. 1 to spend sometime with her

mother, Mrs. Sarah McClellan and

other relatives. Mr. Frazer came as

far as Cincinnati and stopped over to

attend the Elks Grand Lodge meeting.

Killed at Pueblo.

Mrs. Jay C. Smith received word

this morning that her brother Charles

W. Weinland, was instantly killed

last night. He was employed at the

steel works and was struck by a trolley

pole crushing his skull. There were no

eye witnesses to the accident, but death

must have resulted immediately. Just

how he got in the way of the pole no

one knows. He leaves a wife and

three small children.

The Baptist Meetings.

Rev. G. M. Lehigh, state evangelist,

reopened his meetings in the Baptist

church last night with a good audience

and with a sermon of the sort that

one remembers with satisfaction.

After a brief and modest, but very

tender, allusion to the sad errand that

took him away in the midst of his

meetings, he entered earnestly into

his sermon on "How to Achieve Suc-

cess." He will preach tonight at 7:30

and can be here only this week and

Sunday.

MARRIED.

HERCAMP-MOELLENCAMP.

Miss Emma Moellencamp and Mr.

Fred Hercamp were married Sunday

afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of

the bride's parents, on West Oak

street, Rev. Philip Schmidt officiating.

Mr. Hercamp is an employee of the

Woolen Mill. Both are highly re-

spected young people. They will

reside in their newly furnished home

on West Oak street.

Wrist Broken.

Morton Hamilton who has been em-

ployed at the Bligh mill fell from a

seafoal on which he was working this

morning and broke the two bones of

his right forearm at the wrist. Dr.

Shields attended to the injury and he

is getting along well.

Safeguard the Children.

Notwithstanding all that is done by

boards of health and charitably in-

clined persons, the death rate among

small children is very high during the

hot weather of the summer months in

the large cities. There is not probably

one case of bowel complaint in a hun-

dred, however, that could not be cured

by the timely use of Chamberlain's

Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

for sale by C. W. Milhous.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and

Diarrhoea Remedy.

This remedy is certain to be needed

in almost every home before the sum-

mer is over. It can always be depend-

ed upon even in the most severe and

dangerous cases. It is especially val-

uable for summer disorders in child-

ren. It is pleasant to take and never

fails to prompt relief. Why not buy

it now? It may save life. For sale

by C. W. Milhous.

When bilious take Chamberlain's

Stomach and Stomach and Liver Tab-

lets. For sale by C. W. Milhous.

Evan Prosser, of New Albany, trav-

elling passenger agent for the B. & O.

S-W. company, has been appointed a

colonel on the staff of Governor

Durbin.

Pasture to rent cheap. See Vane

Carr, at Bobbtown. jy18 21w

Old Wheat Flour.

Will keep forever. Buy a barrel

Bligh's Success and Best Patent

LEFT WEALTH TO SISTER.

Indiana Man Went to Mexico and
Became Wealthy.

John B. Martin, formerly of Bed-
ford and known here, died recently at
Cuidad Porfirio, Mexico, after a short
illness. He left his entire estate to his
sister, Miss Lizzie Martin, of Bedford.
Martin went to Mexico with small
means but accumulated \$60,000.

The laws of Mexico forbid the ship-
ping of bodies from that country until
after an interment of six months. Im-
mediately after Martin's death the
body was shipped back to Indiana,
President Diaz of Mexico arranging
the matter, both men being high degree
Masons.—Washington Herald.

The Bedford Murder Mystery.

The murder of Miss Sarah Schaefer,
the latin teacher of Bedford City
schools, which occurred in the night of
January 21, last, was one of the most
mysterious in the annals of crime.

She was caught at the mouth of an
alley while going from her boarding
house to her room—only two squares
apart, in the most populous and fash-
ionable residence portion of the city,
and beaten to death and left in a cab
shed where she was found next morn-
ing. The terrible deed was committed
at 6:30 early evening.

Apparently every possible effort
was made to find the murderer. Fin-
ally James McDonald, a coal hauler,
and tough character was arrested, at
the instance of a Pinkerton detective
from Chicago. He was tried, and the
jury found him not guilty.

During the argument to the jury,
Robert N. Palmer, McDonalds attor-
ney, created a sensation by declaring
the prisoner innocent, and that he
held within his breast, the secret as to
who did commit the foul murder, and
if given a new grand jury and plenty
of time he would be able to unfold the
secret and to disclose the name of the
real murderer.

The grand jury was reconvened and
after a long and tiresome session, ad-
journing without finding any indict-
ment. It is publicly proclaimed,
though, by the deputy prosecuting at-
torney that he, and the jury, know the
real criminal—or criminals, but that
the evidence adduced was not sufficient
to warrant the finding of an indict-
ment.

The theory now is that a man of
high standing, a citizen of prominence
and influence, was the real culprit, and
that the man who committed the deed
was his hired tool—a man of lower
walks. While not naming the sup-
posed criminals outright, the newspa-
pers picture them so plainly they
might be easily recognized by persons
familiar with Bedford society and citi-
zenship.

Before buying your goods, come
and examine our bargains.

dawj23 THE IDEAL.

RED BRUSH

Quite a storm passed through our
neighborhood last Saturday night
doing some damage.

There was a gloom of sadness cast
over this neighborhood when the sad
news was received here that Bert Ker-
ner was accidentally shot and killed, as
he was well known here.

C. H. Lucas is cutting oats for W.

A. Lucas this week.

Most of the farmers have their wheat
all in stack and are ready for the
threshing machine in a few days.

Thomas Weininger has been help-
ing his brother William for a few
days.

Brother Hawn will preach at the
Red Brush school house Friday night
before the first Sunday in August.

People are busy in their oats and
hay harvest this week.

Health in this neighborhood is good.

Miss Daisy Noe is staying in the
family of her sister, Mrs. Ira Isaacs,
at Surprise.

George W. Weddell was at Sey-
mour Tuesday and made the REPUB-
LICAN a call.

